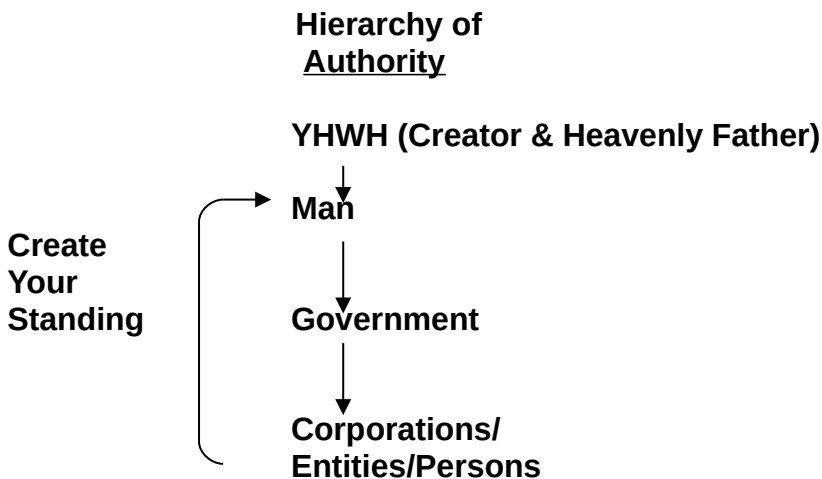


Disclaimer – not legal ad-vice – attendees all private people, not public entities

1. Public V Private
2. Trusts to Protect Assets, Sustenance & Privacy

YHWH (Creator) – Man – Government – Corp-oration (dead man speaking)



THE TWO WORLDS	
Public	Private
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fiction - Person, Resident, Citizen, Trust Tax Payer, Rates Payer, Driver, Government Entity, <i>Agent in employee Commerce</i> - Reserve Bank Notes (RBN) <i>Hole in Mirror</i> - Acts, Statutes, Laws (7 Million+) - Master: State/Mammon - Obligations to the State <i>Tax, Rates, Fees, Fines, Penalties, Registrations, Permits, Mortgages COSTS & BILLS, COSTS & BILLS</i> - Government assumes Responsibilities - Slave/slavery 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Substance Man, Woman, People <li style="text-align: center;">B.C. Gold, Silver, Gold & Silver Coins Commandments (10) Master: Creator Obligations to Creator People assume responsibility Free/Freedom
<p>Control mechanisms: Education, language, currency, media etc</p>	

Every Man is independent of ALL LAWS except those prescribed by nature. He is NOT bound by any institution formed by his fellow Men WITHOUT his consent. Cruden V Neale ZNC 338 May Term 1796

Governments make presumptions:

Example: You are a citizen, a debtor, slave, person, ward of state, enemy of the state (Enemy of the State Act 1917)

How break the presumption?

'Who is claiming I am a government entity, employee or agent or performed some function of government at the time of the alleged offence or now?' (Silent...)

'Sir, see, we have agreement. No-one here believes I am a government entity

Matter dismissed! When may I collect the court order?'

Ask questions or conditionally accept what is being offered. Remain in honour as the Creditor. A Debtor answers questions. The Creditor controls the conversation by asking questions or conditionally accepting an offer.

Hierarchy of Laws:

- Natural Law Creator's laws

- International Law – The Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) Man's Laws

In actual fact, simply **codes** of private corporations. Private admiralty law. Intellectual property owned by a corporation domiciled in Vatican City. It codifies a combination of laws including statute, common law, maritime, the law merchant, admiralty

Statute Law is just codification of a range of laws

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------------|
| - Federal law | - statute law + common law |
| - State law | - statute law + common law |
| - Local law | - statute |
| - Parliamentary acts | - statute |

There is Contract Law (being equitable & fair, therefore Law of Equity is within Contract Law) and the Common Law (Case Law precedent & hence MAN made law). Contract Law, of which equity is a part, over rides Common Law (Judicature Act 1876 Qld S5(11))

Contract Law has a number of elements including;

- consideration
- a meeting of the minds
- capacity to contract
- a purpose or defined objective to contract
- etc

It's considered a fair, just & equitable form of law & hence superior.

Judicature Act 1876 (Qld) S5(11) *'Generally in all matters not hereinbefore particularly mentioned in which there is any conflict or variance between the rules of equity and the rules of the common law with reference to the same matter the rules of equity shall prevail'*.

Law Courts have a number of divisions for the different jurisdictions depending on subject matter (Eg. Land Court for property disputes, bankruptcy & family issues in Federal Court, traffic in Magistrate Courts etc)), jurisdiction (state or Federal issue such as tax etc), whether one's issue is civil/criminal, & whether the issue is a tort (non contract) or breach of contract.

High Court, Federal Courts are Commonwealth & can hear statutory (result of Breach of Contract & Tort) & Common Law matters.

Supreme Court, District/County Court & Magistrate Courts are state courts. Supreme Court can hear matters concerning statutory (result of Breach of Contract & Tort) & Common Law offences. District/County & Magistrate Courts are statutory in nature & hence summary jurisdiction = guilty until proven innocent & only the (commercial) penalty to be determined, unless one is in

dishonour by arguing or being belligerent by, for example using common law, the Constitution or other (state or federal) laws as defences when ALL the Judge/Justice/Magistrate wants to hear & what is music to his ears is that you OFFER to pay, either conditionally or unconditionally. By offering to pay YOU resume the status & authority as a Creditor. There are many processes of 'paying' or correctly discharging' a liability, including a court order!

If you're establishing standing in the lower state courts, the courts begin with

- statute or administrative law/jurisdiction - Once you successfully attain your status in court, the magistrate may leave the court and return in an

- admiralty jurisdiction - If you successfully attain your status in court as the free man, the magistrate may leave the court again & return, this final time in his highest jurisdiction under cannon law (Holy Roman Empire statutory law) as the black robe priest – serving under the 'adversary' known as the 'Deceiver' in the Bible. Charges are simply spells and incantations. To circumvent these processes/proceedings is to use **Equity**, by offering immediately to settle & close all matters & offer to plead & pay upon proof of claim..... Raise the stakes (Equity – Luke 19:8, 2Sam 12:6) by offering to pay 4 fold the commercial penalty (that alone will convert any minor criminal offence such as traffic matter to civil = commercial penalty) upon proof of claim by the informant/complainant that you are a public servant, government entity or agent or performed some function of government, such as pay slip, payroll records, time sheets that evidence what, when, how you got paid, what role you performed & in what capacity, what job description & title was etc at the time of the alleged offence, & if the informant/complainant fails to provide proof of claim then they accept a 4 fold liability for filing a fraudulent & unsubstantiated claim & for fabricating evidence, under the law of equity AND that they will provide immediately their indemnity insurer's number, name, address & contact details.... NOW you will have won the Magistrate/Justice over to your cause because you're HONOURABLE, acted as Creditor & offered to settle, close & pay albeit CONDITIONALLY!

Common Law & Statutory (Breach of Contract) Law are simply different jurisdictions. Contract Law is superior & prevails over the Common Law.

Common Law

Derived from Case Law.
Precedent Substance. Case law offences may be jail-able even for minor offences.

FEUDAL System of UK

= master & slave relationship

SLAVERY – higher form of benefits & Privileges

FEAR = false evidence appearing real. State & Federal legislation operates to create fear

Statutory Law

Fiction.

Codes of private corporations (eg Cth of precedent & Australia)

Not jail-able offences if one offers to settle, close & pay

SLAVERY – benefits & privileges

Our remedy is therefore under EQUITY LAW, a part of contract law/commerce.

EG.

- 'No Fee Simple rights now with land' If you believe that, you're correct. If you don't believe that you're also correct. Fee Simple is an agreement between the land owner/occupier and the Queen. It cannot be legislated away WITHOUT the consent of the parties, ie. Without your or the Queen's consent.

- Patriots Act = Terrorist Act! ALL based on FEAR!

WHO do acts apply to? Legal fictions = persons = government entities, employees, agents.

SO what is there to fear?

4 ways to COMMUNICATE - respond to a presentment – written or oral = offer

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Full Acceptance | Honourable |
| 2. Conditional Acceptance | Honourable |
| 3. Silence | Dishonourable |
| 4. Argue – never! | Dishonourable |

2. ASSET, INCOME & PRIVACY PROTECTION, TRUSTS

PREVENTION is better than cure!